Working Group on Beet Questions

CEFS Congress 8th of June 2017



Meetings

Last meeting: 15 March 2017

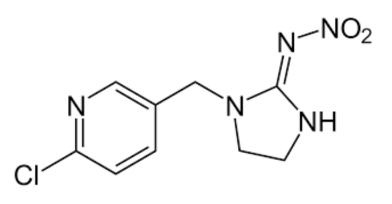
Next meeting: 19 & 20 October 2017, France



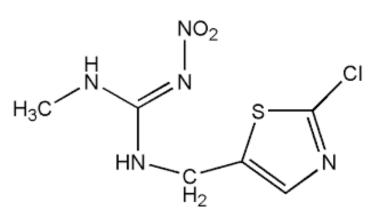
Summary

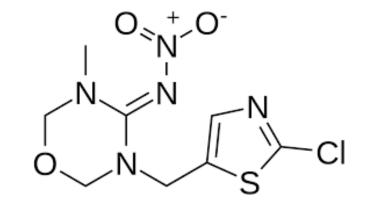
- 1. Update on the EU review of the three neonicotinoid insecticides.
- 2. Commission poised to table a proposal for the renewal of glyphosate for 10 years.





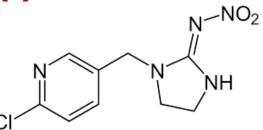
1. Update on the EU review of the three neonicotinoid insecticides





1. Timeline of the neonicotinoid ban (I)

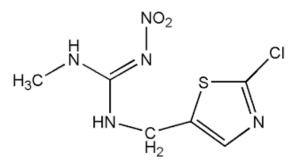
2013 – EU Commission decision to restrict the use of three neonicotinoids:

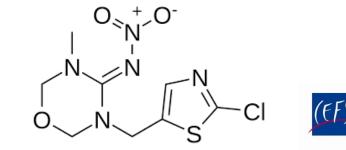


- Clothianidin (CTD)
- Imidacloprid (IMD)
- ✓ Thiamethoxam (TMX)

July 2015 – EFSA publishes its reports on foliar uses for CTD,IMD & TMX

Regulation 485/2013: « For remaining uses, additional confirmatory data are to be required & evaluated »





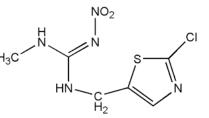
1. Timeline of the neonicotinoid ban (II) November 2016 – EFSA confirmatory reports for IMD & CTD on seed treatments published.

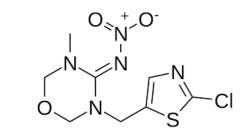
No report provided for TMX...yet.

January 2017 – Commission prepared draft proposals for Implementing Regulations to amend conditions for use of all three.

21 March – DG SANTE shares Regulation proposals **the night before** the SCOPAFF meeting.

17-18 May – SCOPAFF meeting (no vote...yet!)





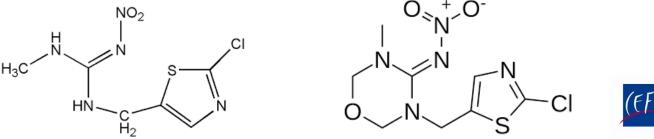


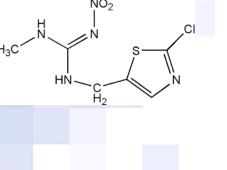
1. The Draft DG SANTE Implementing Regulations Draft DG SANTE Regulation proposals extend the ban to seed treatments including for sugarbeet.

Article 2 (CTD & IMD):

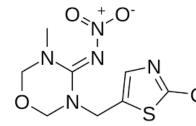
« ...seeds treated with plant protection products containing CTD/IMD may not be placed on the market or used, with the exception of seeds to be used in permanent greenhouses...

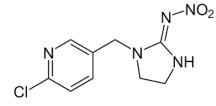
In particular for CTD sugarbeet is mentioned in exposure via dust to have a « high risk of exposure of bees ». No. O_{NO_2}





1. CEFS actions after 23 March (I)





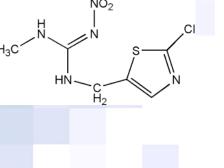
CEFS met with **DG SANTE on the 15th of March** –Comments on EC proposal:

- Split views expected from Member States: **bee health versus EU agriculture**
- ✤ Health Commissioner Andriukaitis very keen to eliminate the risk to bees.
- ✤ If no agreement between M.S then Commission can adopt the proposal.
- ✤ NGOs have put considerable pressure on the Commission on biodiversity.
- ✤ Beet growers can use pyrethroids despite this meaning repetitive spraying.

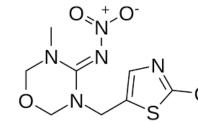


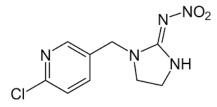






1. CEFS actions after 23 March (II)





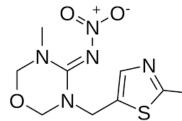
12 April – CEFS adopted a **position paper** on not extending the ban:

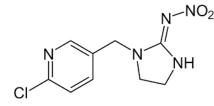
- 1. Risk to pollinators in use of neonicotinoids in sugarbeet is very low.
- 2. Alternative insecticides would be more damaging to environment & bees.
- 3. Ban would harm yields and productivity.
- 4. Ban to have damaging consequences for long-term economic and sustainable prospects of the sector.

Working group members sent the position paper to the members of the SCOPAFF Committee and the ministries.



1. CEFS actions after 23 March (III)





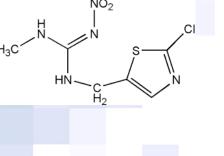
21 & 24 April – CIBE & CEFS slam Commission proposals to extend ban:

- ✤ 2 x 3-page letters to Commissioners Andriukaitis & Hogan
- Proposals are « overly restrictive ».
- Banning neonicotinoids in sugarbeet likely to result in farmers using wholefield insecticide spray applications – negative impact on non-target organisms
- Longterm damage on the efficiency of the entire sugar value chain.

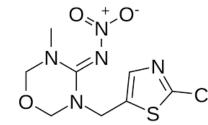
Letters also sent to the SCOPAFF members and the ministries.

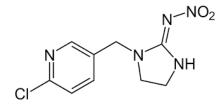
CEFS forwarded the letter to Copa & Cogeca.





1. CEFS actions after 23 March (IV)





9th of May – Copa & Cogeca writes to the same Commissioners on behalf of an agri-food coalition.

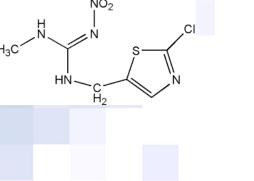
10 associations involved.

CEFS and CIBE amongst the co-signatories

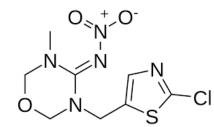
Key points:

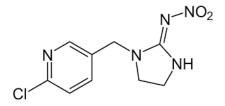
- Cannot support Draft Bee guidance document.
- Commission decision was taken without an Impact Assessment.
- Commission should therefore withdraw their proposal.





1. Next steps





SCOPAFF Committee last met on 17-18 May.

No vote took place but the subject will ascend to the Council of Commissioners.

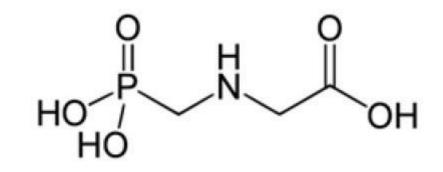
CEFS will need to keep monitoring the situation.

Proposal vote unlikely to take place before July.

Besides the Permanent Representations the only other ally is Commissioner Hogan and DG AGRI.



2. Commission poised to table a proposal for the renewal of glyphosate for 10 years.





2. Update on discussions at the College of Commissioners HOHHOHHOHHOH

18 May – Commissioner Andriukaitis informs the discussions with Member States will restart:

Renewal period of glyphosate will be for 10 years rather than 15 years.

No discussion held as the proposal was given via an *« information note »*.



2. The current positions of the Commissioners

Extention of 10 years rather than 15 years





2. Commissioner Hogan's view



15 May – Commissioner of Agriculture addressed the EU Parliament's AGRI Committee on glyphosate:

- Chemical agencies and EFSA have extensively analysed the toxicity of the substance.
- Extension should be the result of a science-based approach.

Moreover ECHA risk assessment (15 March) has classified the substance as non –carcinogenic.



2. Actions at EU Parliament level & Citizens

ENVI Committee : Oral Question on glyphosate renewal at June Plenary in Strasbourg + Joint hearing with AGRI.

S&D to establish a Parliamentary Committee of Inquiry or Special Committee on glyphosate, if necessary.

On the other hand:

EU Citizens Initiative petition to ban glyphosate (745000 signatories).



2. Next steps

New proposal for re-authorisation to be drafted by DG SANTE.

Discussions with Member States to be re-launched.

Decision has to be taken within 6 months of receipt of ECHA opinion or by the end of 2017.

Copa Cogeca has already slammed the 10-year renewal proposal.

Is there a need for a second letter from the agri-food chain coalition?



Thank you

